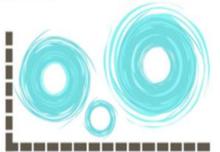


# **NEW ORLEANS HURRICANE PROTECTION SYSTEM**



Designed to contain the river DURING PERIODS OF HEAVY FLOODING

FIRST LEVEES AND FLOODWALLS IIIIIIIIII



### **FAILURE**

# FLOODWAL

in place were breached IIIIIIIIIIII

DUE TO ENGINEERING

ENGINEERING-RELATED

policy failuresIII

#### **CAUSES**

**COLLAPSE OF SERVER LEVEES** with concrete floodwalls (I-walls)

**OVERTOPPING** - water poured over the tops of the levees and floodwalls, eroding structures away

Levee BUILDERS USED **INCORRECT DATA** to measure levee elevations

Levees were NOT BUILT HIGH ENOUGH, some 1 to 2 feet lower than intended design elevation

Hurricane protection system was CONSTRUCTED AS INDIVIDUAL

## **INFLUENCE**



\$14.5 BILLION NETWORK of levees, floodwalls and pumps installed around New Orleans metro area

BEST FLOOD CONTROL SYSTEM of any coastal community in the U.S.

**ELIMINATES FLOODING** for most so-called 100-year events

Offers significant REDUCTION IN FLOODING from 500-year surge event, larger than Hurricane Katrina



THE OUTDATED "STANDARD PROJECT HURRICANE" FORMULA WAS TTTTTTTTTT ABANDONED TTTTTTTTTTT



BASED ON storms that preceded the large Category 3 HURRICANE BETSY and the compact, extremely strong Category 5 HURRICANE CAMILLE



REPLACED BY MODERN METEOROLOGICAL **UNDERSTANDING** of the potential for hurricanes and sophisticated risk-based COMPUTER MODELING

Levees are now required to WITHSTAND OVERTOPPING



IMPROVED MATERIALS, including sheet piling and diagonal structure piles

**DESIGNS** must account FOR SINKING SOILS and projected SEA LEVEL RISE caused by global warming

#### HURRICANE KATRINA AND SUBSEQUENT LEVEE FAILURES RESULTED IN







missing, presumed dead



in residential

property infrastructure damage damage



in public

thousand jobs lost